# Planning an Internship – WUR example

#### Wageningen DEEM team

Mattijs Smits, <u>mattijs.smits@wur.nl</u> Omid Noroozi, <u>omid.noroozi@wur.nl</u> Hansje Eppink, <u>hansje.eppink@wur.n</u>





## **Education approach**

Teacher centred education – Expert driven

Student centred education – Creating space for reflecting on viewpoints through experiences



# Internship

Supervised work experiences whereby students get engaged in work related programs, while closely supervised by an experienced employer and staff of the education institute

The most common study load is 24 ects (16 weeks) but can go up to 39 ects (26 weeks)



# Internship

- Work integral part of students course of study
- Student receives credits. It is a requirement for graduation
- Student prepares a report submits to faculty supervisor
- Learning objectives are clearly defined
- Employee gets a letter/contract from the education institute indicating that it approves the internship and its education relevance



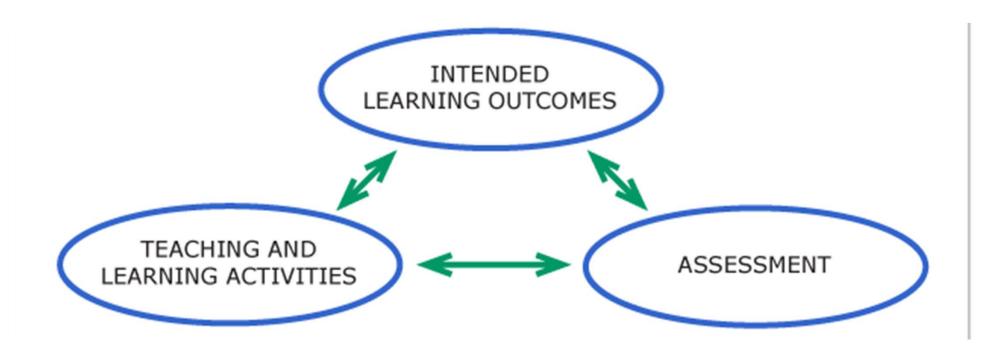
# **Types of internships**

#### Different phases of a program

- BSc internship
- MSc internship
  - Research internship
  - Professional internship
- Where to do the internship
  - NGO/Governmental organisation
  - Industry
  - Local/global



#### **Recap: constructive alignment**





# Intended learning outcomes

- **apply** (academic) knowledge and (professional) skills acquired during the course of study;
- execute certain professional skills better;
- deliver an academic report or contribute to it as one of the outputs;
- work independently and with a feeling for the organization;
- **reflect** on the personal internship learning outcomes in a reflection report.
- **expand** the professional network;



# **Teaching and learning activities**

Learning activities

- Internship orientation
- Setting personal learning goals
- Conducting professional tasks
- Reflecting on learning activities
- Report writing





# **Teaching and learning activities**

#### Teaching activities

- Actively supervise the students on their personal learning goals
- 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting formulating learning outcomes
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting to make further agreements about content of the internship different tasks and responsibilities together with the local supervisor
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Evaluation meeting

Local supervisor: Responsible for daily activities. Is asked to give feedback on the process of achieving the students learning outcomes



### **Personal learning outcomes**

reflect extensively on your personal internship learning outcomes in a reflection report.

- Important for academic internship
- Student share those with their local supervisor
- Students regularly reflect on those with their local and academic supervisor

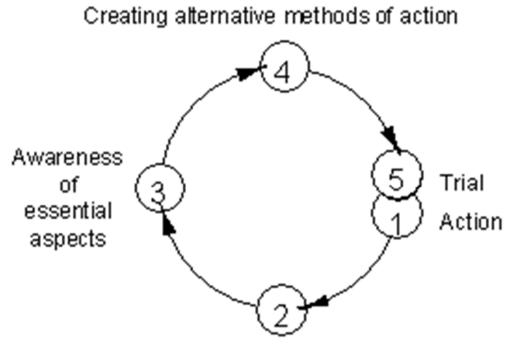


# Examples of personal learning outcomes – Svenja

- To gain an in-depth understanding of the consequences of implementing renewable energy technologies in Myanmar. To understand the consequences from various angles, including political, environmental, social, technological, and economic.
- To clearly express myself to and communicate with external people (e.g. project partners, supervisors) and to maintain good relations with the people I work with.



## Korthagen's cycle of reflection



Looking back on the action



## Korthagen's cycle of reflection

#### Phase 1/5: Action

- What did you want to achieve?
- What did you want to try out?

#### Phase 2: Looking back

What happened concrete (Actions, thoughts, feelings from myself and others)?



# Korthagen's cycle of reflection

#### Phase 3: Awareness of important aspects

- How did the context influence on this?
- What does this mean for you?
- What did you experience as challenging?

#### **Phase 4: Alternatives**

- Which alternatives are possible
- What are the pros and cons of the alternatives?
- What do you want to do next time?



#### Assessment

- Formative assessment
  - Coaching the student to reflect on his/her learning goals and providing feedback on the intermediate products
- Summative assessment
  - Internship report
  - Reflection report
  - Oral presentation at the internship provider



## Assessment criteria Internship

#### Learning Outcomes

#### A Professional skills (20-50%)\*

- 1 Initiative and creativity
- 2 Insight in functioning of another organisation
- 3 Adaptation capacity
- 4 Commitment and perseverance
- 5 Independence
- 6 Handling supervisor's comments and development skills
- 7 Time management

#### B Report internship (20-50%) \*

- 1 Formulation goals, frame work project
- 2 Theoretical underpinning, use of literature
- 3 Use of methods and processing data
- 4 Reflection on results
- 5 Conclusions and discussion
- 6 Fluency of language and writing skills

#### C Self reflection on internship (10-30%)\*

1 Report on self reflection

#### D Presentation (5%) \*

- 1 Presentation: graphs, powerpoint
- 2 Oral presentation and defence



# Discuss rubric related to external supervisor

What roles do external partners play in your programmes: to what degree do they play a role in guiding or coaching assignments, act as assessor?

#### In pairs

- Think of at least one benefit of giving the external partner a role in assessment?
- Think of at least one challenge of giving the external partner a role in assessment



# **Internship phases**

| Identification  | Preparation  | Gaining hands-<br>on experiences  | Final report<br>writing  |
|---|--|---|--|
| • Student<br>identifies his<br>or her<br>internship<br>provider | • Formulating<br>personal<br>learning<br>goals,<br>creating a<br>work plan | <ul> <li>Supervising<br/>the student<br/>while working<br/>in their field<br/>of study</li> </ul> | • Writing final<br>report<br>(research<br>report +<br>reflection),<br>Presentation |



### **Teacher roles**

#### Coach/Mentor

- Reflecting on personal learning outcomes
- Motivating the student to apply knowledge and experiment with 'new' behaviour
- Advisor
  - Providing advise on the procedure



# Benefits for the three parties involved

#### **Students**

- hands-on experiences and exposure to their future working field
- develop their interpersonal skills and personal skills
- enhance their expert knowledge in their area of study
- marketability of graduates improved
- motivational level of the students
- clarify career choice



# Benefits for the three parties involved

#### **Education institutes**

- increase cooperation within the industry
- research possibilities
- update education programs accordingly
- use it as case study examples in the education program

#### **Employees**

- inexpensive support
- new ideas
- potential future employees

WAGENINGEN UR For quality of life

# Challenges

- Lack of funding
- Internship periods too short
  - 6 to 9 months
- Cheap labour
- Supervision of interns
- Not much learning for the students when they are most educated person in the organisation



# Thank you for your attention

#### Hansje.Eppink@wur.nl



